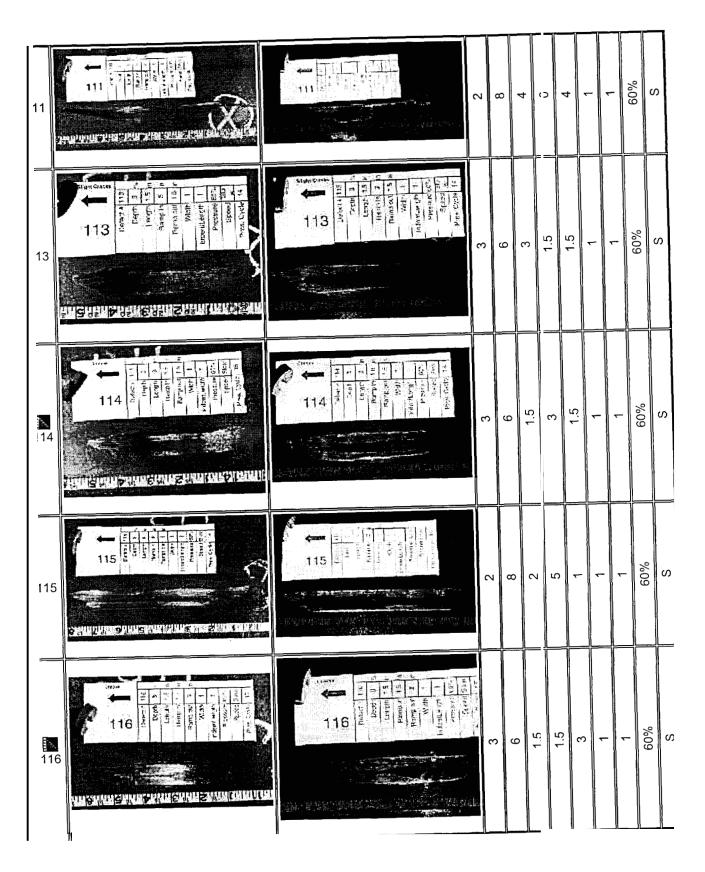
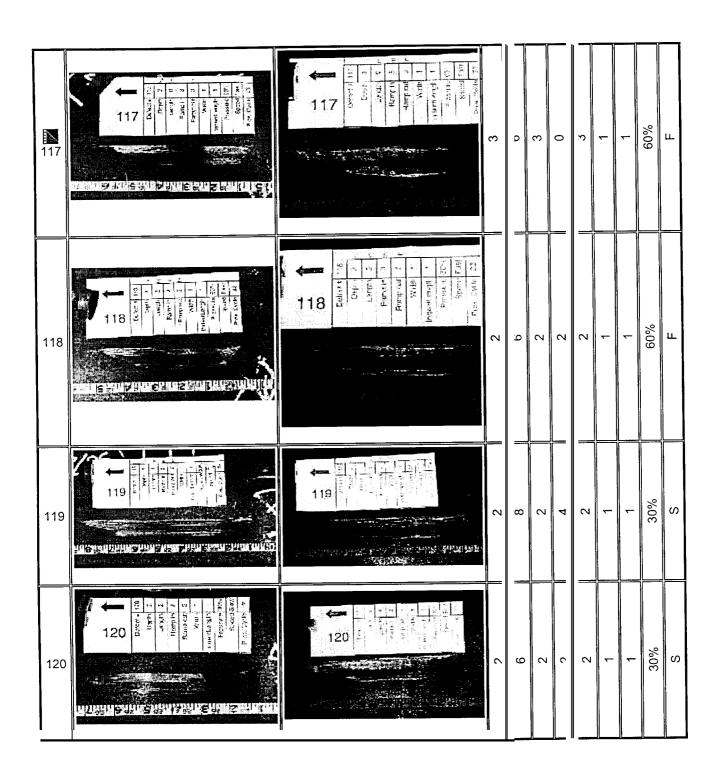
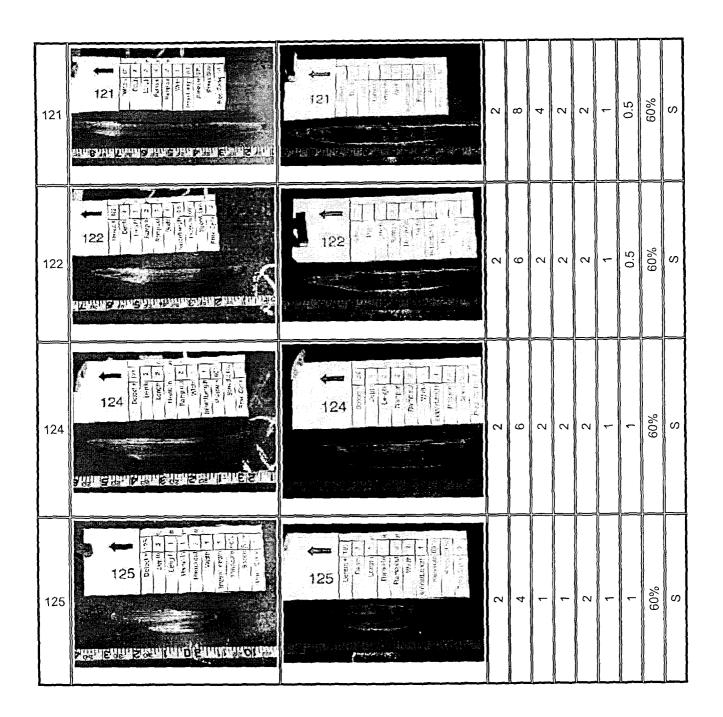
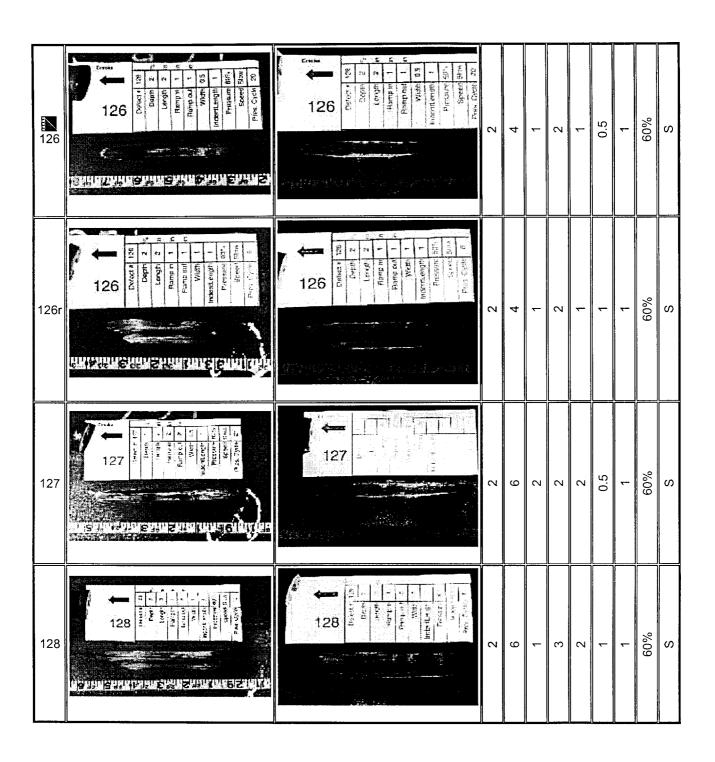
106	106 Total And Andrew A	Harry 1 100		9	2	2	2	-		%09	S
107	107 (200 - 2	107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107	1	9	1	4	1	-		%09	S
108	108 TOB TOB THE WAR WHEN THE SHAPE TO BE THE S	108	-	8	2	4	2	1	1	%09	S
109	109 State of the s	109	2	9	2	2	2	1	1	%09	S
110	THE PARTY NAME IN TAIL THE SAME SAME OF THE PARTY OF THE	110	2	8	2	4	2	1	-	%09	S









S	60%	0%	%0	2	2	2	6	2		THE STATE OF THE S	181
S	60%	1		2	4	2	8	2	12.90 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1	129 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	621

redeuq:

- # = Defect # is an arbitrary number identifying each defect
- D = Depth is the dent depth in percent of the diameter.
- L = Overall Length is the total length of the gouge in inches.
- FB = Flat Bottom Length is the length of the flat bottom portion of the gouge in
- inches.

 RI = Ramp In and RO = Ramp Out are the distances on either side of the flat
- bottom used to ramp the indentor into and out of the pipe (the overall gouge length is the sum of the flat bottom length and the ramp in and ramp out lengths). |W| = |W| =
- indentor in inches; where x% is shown, the indentor was a 4-inch sphere with a sharp protruding cutter that extended x% of the wall thickness.
- P = Pressure is the internal pipe pressure in percent of specified minimum yield strength.
- S = Speed refers to the rate of axial movement of the indentor (S is 1 inch per second; F is 5 inches per second).

Defect Set 6 - Flow Loop Defects Photographs and MPI Results

This defect set was used in the pull rig. For a layout map of the defects, click here. For a description of the variables included in this table, see the legend at the bottom of this page.

#	Pic Link	MPI Link	٥	7	FB	RI	RO	M	IL	Д	S
133	133 133 143 143 143 143 143 143 143 143		2	9	2	2	2	1	1	9.0	Ш
134	134		2	9	2	2	2	_	_	9.0	S
135	135 100		2	9	3	2	1	1	1	9.0	S
136	136 of the state o		2	9	3	_	2	1	_	9.0	S

